

## U. S. WILL HOLD MILLION TAKEN AT VERA CRUZ

Big Sum from Customs Not  
to Be Given to Either  
Faction Yet.

### WILSON AIDS REFUGEES

Orders Steamer to Transport  
Priests and Nuns to  
Galveston.

### CARRANZISTAS ARE PLEADED

Trouble Is Expected Over that  
\$1,000,000 that Both  
Are After.

### Carranza Warned to Retire By Former Military Ally

Agua Calientes, Mexico, Nov. 14.—Gen. Salazar, ex-provisional President-elect, telegraphed from Leon today that Gen. Pablo Carranza has promised to resign Gen. Carranza to withdraw from the position of chief of state and to take possession of the capital in the name of the Agua Calientes convention. Salazar has already been occupied and Carranza will be taken by the convention's troops if Carranza refuses to yield.

While unofficial reports, which were not confirmed by the State Department's advice, to the effect that an armistice has been arranged in Mexico, were in circulation here yesterday, the topic of chief interest in connection with the Mexican situation was the administration's announcement that Vera Cruz is to be evacuated on November 21.

There was every indication that the American evacuation of Vera Cruz will be regarded as one of the most remarkable movements ever executed by this government or any other government, and rivalled only in its peculiar circumstances by the manner in which American forces went into Vera Cruz.

It was admitted in official quarters that no arrangements have been made with any group in Mexico claiming to be in authority with regard to the withdrawal, and that no discussions looking to such arrangements are under way. Unless the present plan of the administration is changed in the meantime, the American forces simply will depart, leaving Vera Cruz to whoever may be at hand to take it.

### U. S. to Hold Millions.

Not only have no arrangements been made as to who shall receive the custody of the city and all the municipal, state and federal government property therein, but nothing has been decided about the funds, amounting to considerably over \$1,000,000, which the American authorities have in their possession through their operation of the custom house at Vera Cruz. The present prospect is that this money will be turned over to nobody, but will remain in the possession of the United States for an indefinite period, presumably to become a bone of diplomatic contention.

Inasmuch as the funds and revenues of Vera Cruz constitute, in the eyes of any government in Mexico, its most desirable characteristic, it is not doubted here but that the retention of the customs house funds will be deeply resented by whichever faction obtains control of the city upon the evacuation by the American forces.

Gen. Funston yesterday received his orders to leave on the 23d, and it is assumed that he is proceeding at once to put them into effect. It also became known yesterday that the San Marcos, one of the merchant vessels chartered for the army at the time of the taking of Vera Cruz, was sent back to Vera Cruz, while on her way to Galveston and will take on board there the Catholic priests and nuns who took refuge from the constitutionalists within the American lines. The refugees will be transported to Galveston at the expense of the United States, and officers of the Catholic church in this country are arranging for their care upon arrival in the United States.

Rafael Zubarran-Casimiro, Carranza's agent here, last night issued a statement expressing appreciation of the President's action in withdrawing the troops from Vera Cruz.

It was announced by Secretary Daniels that no changes in the disposition of warships on the Mexican coast had been decided upon as a result of the evacuation of Vera Cruz.

Two German Spies Found  
In a British Regiment

London, Nov. 14.—An Exchange telegram from Reading says that a lance corporal and a private of the Hanis regiment stationed at Salisbury have been proved German spies and have been dealt with by the military authorities.

### "Bon Voyage" for Xmas Ship From Secretary Daniels

Secretary of the Navy Daniels yesterday sent the following message to J. C. O'Laughlin, in charge of the "Christmas Ship" Jason, which sailed from New York yesterday with a cargo of food, clothing, and toys for the destitute in Europe:

"My hope and prayer is that the Jason may have clear skies and fair winds on her auspicious voyage to Europe, laden, as never a ship before, with a precious Christmas cargo, prompted by the generosity and followed by the sympathy of American childhood. May the Christmas spirit which actuates American children to send these gifts help to hasten the day when peace on earth, good will to men shall be a blessed reality and when nations shall go to war no more."

## STRICTER RULES ON CANAL'S USE

Belligerent Ships Placed Under Regulations by President Wilson.

### CAN HAVE FEW SUPPLIES

Aircraft Not to Arise or Descend.  
Troops or Munitions Cannot Be  
Landed or Taken Aboard.

Strict rules governing the use by belligerent ships of the Panama Canal and the facilities for the use of shipping at the canal terminals were promulgated yesterday by President Wilson.

The rules of The Hague conventions governing the use of neutral ports by warships, and vessels employed in the service of belligerents are the basis of the regulations adopted. Extensions have been made to fit the special circumstances surrounding the use of the Canal.

Passage through the canal will be granted to belligerent vessels only upon written permission of the canal authorities. They will not be permitted to take any more stores than absolutely necessary. Fuel and lubricants shall be obtainable at the canal only in such quantities as may be necessary to get the belligerent ship to the next nearest friendly port. The canal authorities shall specify in writing in each case how much fuel and lubricants shall be permitted, and the officers of the belligerent vessel must submit in writing a statement of the amounts of such supplies on hand. Private firms or individuals will not be permitted to furnish supplies.

Troops, munitions of war, or war materials must not be disembarked or embarked during the passage of a belligerent vessel through the canal, except in case of accident or disaster or distress, of which the canal authorities shall be judge.

No belligerent vessel shall remain more than twenty-four hours in the canal waters, but none shall be permitted to depart less than twenty-four hours after the departure of an enemy's vessel. Not more than three vessels of any nation or of allied nations shall be permitted in the canal or its adjacent waters at one time, nor shall the total of such vessels at any time exceed six.

Belligerent vessels may not use the repair facilities of the canal and its terminals in any circumstance except that of absolute distress. Radio apparatus shall not be used in canal waters except as may be necessary in connection with canal business. Aircraft of belligerents are forbidden to descend or arise within the jurisdiction of the United States. For the purposes of these rules the Canal Zone includes the cities of Colon and Panama and their waters.

### HOLD CORN EXHIBIT.

Calpeper Club Shows Big Growing by Boys.

Calpeper, Va., Nov. 14.—The annual cultivation of the District and County Corn Club league took place here this afternoon in the county court house and was attended by both delegates and a large crowd of interested county people, all of whom came to see the truly wonderful exhibit of corn planting, growing and maturing by boys, and which was said to be the very finest as to both quantity and quality ever shown at one of these meetings before.

Good prizes were awarded for the best and most corn grown to the acre and for fruits, vegetables, canned goods and also for the best butter, bread and cake. The various prizes given were for trips, in money, cooking utensils and farming implements for the boys and girl-members of the club. All expressed themselves as being well entertained.

Drop Bombs on Germans.

London, Nov. 14.—Two bombs were dropped upon German troops in Ostend by aviators on Thursday morning, according to a news agency dispatch from Amsterdam. One caused a heavy explosion and set fire to a store of business.

## RUSSIAN ARMY SWEEPS WEST NEAR CRACOW

Capture German Howitzers in  
Advance Toward Soldau  
in East Prussia.

### TEUTONS ON OFFENSIVE

Try to Keep Cracow by Opposing  
Czar's Legions on  
Upper Vistula.

### COSSACKS HAVE TAKEN TARNOW

Seize Railway Beyond that City. While  
Other Troops Compel Germans to  
Retire at Ryplir.

### Russians Capture Cracow, Says Their Rome Embassy

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.  
London, Nov. 14.—According to a news agency dispatch from Rome, the Russian Embassy there has received a message stating that Cracow has been captured. This news is not confirmed from any other source.

### Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

London, Nov. 14.—The Exchange Telegram Company has received from Petrograd the following official message:

"In Eastern Prussia the Russian continues to advance near Soldau. Five German howitzers were captured yesterday. The Russians compelled the Germans to retire at Ryplir.

"Several outposts fights have occurred between the Vistula and the Warta. In the direction of Cracow, Russian troops are crossing the Shreniawa. In Galicia, the Russians have occupied Tarnow."

Petrograd, Nov. 14.—Having crushed the Austrian army in Galicia, Russia infantry, artillery and cavalry are sweeping westward to storm Cracow, the gateway to Silesia and Berlin, according to reports received from Lemberg today. Russian Cossacks have swept beyond Tarnow and seized the railroad.

In an attempt to avert the investment of Cracow, the Austro-German army in southwestern Poland has taken the offensive and is fighting to drive back the Russian forces that fought their way to the upper reaches of the Vistula.

Desperate fighting is now in progress on the Upper Vistula, where the Germans have blown up all bridges. Apparently the aim of the Austro-German army is to prevent the junction of the Russian forces that have advanced through Central Galicia and those proceeding southwest through Poland.

One military expert today said the Austro-German forces would make only a short defense at Cracow and that their main resistance to the campaign against Berlin would be shown at Oppeln, on the Oder River southeast of Breslau.

### MOTHER ON HONEYMOON THEN DAUGHTER ELOPES

Miss Margaret Worthington and E. Adie Hummer End Tango Romance with Wedding Bells.

A romance born in the maze of the tango a year ago was climaxed yesterday when Miss Margaret Russell Worthington, of 1518 Park road northwest, eloped to Baltimore and was wedded to E. Adie Hummer, of Sterling, Va.

The bride's mother, who was Mrs. Mary Love Worthington, was wedded last Wednesday to John J. Bowling.

Mrs. Hummer is a brunette and pretty. She declares she is twenty-one years old but her friends say she is only nineteen. With plans well made, Hummer and his bride-to-be met at the New Willard yesterday morning, and breakfasted with the maid of honor, Miss Anne Louise Leigh, of Vienna, Va., and the best man, R. H. Hutcheson.

The quartet then started for Baltimore in a touring car. They reached their destination just in time to procure a license and were wedded in the Catholic Cathedral by Rev. Father Stickney. Returning to Washington the bride party were dinner guests of Lester Hummer, a brother of the bridegroom, and Emory Hutchinson, brother of the best man, at the Raleigh.

"I just can't imagine what mother will say," asserted Mrs. Hummer. "I have wired her but haven't had time to get a reply. I know she will have to forgive me because I can say, 'Well, mama, you got married yourself, didn't you?'"

The bride's mother is on her honeymoon and will live in Birmingham, Ala., where Mr. Bowling is in business.

The former Miss Worthington and Hummer met at a dancing party at the Arcade. Both loved the tango and they soon found they also loved each other. They will be at home after December 1 at their apartments in the Dunsmuir, this city.

Volcano in Ten-Day Eruption.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 14.—Cerro Negro, a volcano twelve miles east of Leon, Nicaragua, has been in eruption for ten days, according to information received here today.

## WILSON GOES ROAMING IN NEW YORK STREETS

President, Like Haroun-al-Raschid,  
Makes Journey Through Metropolis.  
Crowds Follow Him.

New York, Nov. 14.—President Wilson, like Haroun-al-Raschid of old, accompanied by Col. E. M. House, whose guest he is over the week-end, made a journey on foot tonight through many New York streets, chief of them being Broadway and Fifth avenue.

They went unrecognized for several blocks, but at Broadway and Forty-fifth street some one yelled:

"There's the President. There's President Wilson."

The President smiled and his good humor enlivened the crowd to tag at his heels. By the time he reached Thirty-fourth street there were more than 2,000 persons at his heels. A enter to the second floor and descending on the other side, passed out the Thirty-third street exit. At Twenty-fourth street, he took a bus back to Fifty-third street.

President Wilson played eighteen holes of golf on the Piping Rock links this afternoon with an even score of 90, considered exceptionally good for a player not familiar with the links.

The president came to New York with Miss Margaret Wilson and Dr. Grayson, and stopped tonight at the home of Col. E. M. House in East Fifty-third street.

Tomorrow the chief executive will attend the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, will have luncheon with Cleveland, and will leave in the afternoon in his special car for Washington.

### "THE CHRISTMAS SHIP" LEAVES NEW YORK DOCK

Society, and Officials with Large  
Crowd Bid Bon Voyage to Ship  
Taking Gifts to Needy.

New York, Nov. 14.—With a blast of trumpets and a blast of steam whistles the United States ship Jason, "The Christmas ship," left her dock in Brooklyn today and moved slowly out to sea. Her departure was made a festive occasion for gayly gowned society women and New York City officials while a great crowd looked on.

The ship carried 100 carloads of Christmas presents for the European war zone, divided as follows: Fourteen carloads of children's clothes, five carloads of women's clothes; one carload of clothes for men who are now busy making orphans of other men's children; five carloads of toys for children who need bread and butter; two carloads of shoes; two carloads of food, one carload of merchandise bought in New York for \$12,000; twenty-three carloads of miscellaneous presents; twenty-nine carloads of assorted presents, and eighteen carloads of individual small parcels.

Lieut. Commander S. E. Cortney held a reception on the Jason just before she sailed at 11 o'clock. It was attended by a delegation of women from Government Island, wives and daughters of military men, and by a committee of city officials.

### DR. BRATENAHN TO BE PROVINCIAL SECRETARY

Washington Church Dignitary Will Receive  
High Honor from Synod  
of Third Province.

Special to The Washington Herald.  
Philadelphia, Nov. 14.—Rev. Dr. G. C. F. Bratenahn, canon of the Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul, Mount St. Alban, Washington, D. C., who was extended a call several weeks ago to become superintendent of the Protestant Episcopal City Mission to succeed Rev. H. L. Duhring, will be chosen provincial secretary at the primary synod of the Third Province, which is to be held in Pittsburgh next week. Bishop Garland said today that he had no doubt that Dr. Bratenahn would be unanimously chosen to the secretaryship, which would be a position that would occupy all of one person's time.

Heretofore Dr. Bratenahn has had to do only with missionary work, but the province will take over the missionary work and also be conducted with a view to the fostering and developing of social service and religious education.

### SUPREME COURT RULES AGAINST LEO M. FRANK

Only Governor of Georgia Can Now  
Save Mary Phagan Murderer  
From Execution.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 14.—The Georgia Supreme Court this afternoon decided against Leo M. Frank on the appeal of the demand for the setting aside of the verdict convicting Frank of the murder of Mary Phagan.

The decision today confirms the lower court's decision which denied the demand for the voiding of the verdict on the constitutional grounds that Frank was not present when the verdict was read.

Say British in Antwerp  
Robbed Belgian Firms

Berlin, Nov. 14 (by wireless).—Official information given to the press here today declares that before the fall of Antwerp the British destroyed and robbed Belgian firms, whose losses amounted to over 200,000 francs (\$34,000,000).

## HEAVY FIGHTING AT YPRES; CRACOW REPORTED FALLEN; BRYAN YIELDS TO THE ALLIES

## BRYAN TO WARN SOUTH AMERICA TO BE NEUTRAL

Diplomats to Learn About  
Radio Stations Which the  
Allies Say Are There.

### WILL STAND FOR BLAME

Europe Always Wanted U. S.  
to Assume These Under  
Monroe Doctrine.

### MAY FORM FUTURE PRECEDENT

Ecuador and Colombia, Where In-  
quiries Will Be Made, May Not Be  
Pleased by This New Attitude.

Yielding to the suggestion of the British and French governments, Secretary of State Bryan yesterday took a long step toward the assumption of further responsibilities under the Monroe Doctrine and instructed American diplomatic representatives at the capitals of Ecuador and Colombia to investigate the charges made by the British and French governments that the South American countries were the scene of unneutral operations.

The American ministers are not only to take up the subject with the Ecuadorian and Colombian governments, as was requested by Great Britain and France, but they are also to make inquiries on their own account in an endeavor to ascertain what basis exists in fact for the allegations of the two European governments.

### Surprised at Action.

As disclosed in The Washington Herald, the charges were made that radio stations in the two countries were being used for the assistance of the German squadron operating in the Pacific and that the Galapagos Islands, a group lying off the entrance to the Panama Canal, belonging to Ecuador, were being used for bases of supply and operation by the German warships.

Much surprise was expressed here yesterday upon Mr. Bryan's announcement that this government had acceded to the request of the British and French governments. This action, it was predicted here last night, would mark an important point in the development of the responsibilities which the United States accepts as a result of the Monroe doctrine.

Feeling their own freedom of action in South and Central America restricted by the Monroe Doctrine, the European nations have repeatedly sought to place upon the United States the responsibility for correcting every error in the ways of the Latin-American government, a responsibility which this government has just as often sought to avoid.

### May Serve as Precedent.

It is now believed that the favorable response to the request of Great Britain and France in the future will serve as a precedent upon which similar requests will be based by European countries having trouble with Latin-American countries.

There is no expectation here that Colombia and Ecuador will be pleased at the action of the United States. In the last few days there have been many evidences that the governments on the west coast of South America are becoming sensitive on the subject of their neutrality.

The Chilean government has sent lengthy statements explaining fully all the steps taken to preserve Chilean neutrality, and these have been communicated to the State Department and to the public. A further step in the same direction of warding off any aspersions upon the neutrality of Chile was made known yesterday in the announcement that no code messages to Chile nor messages dealing with the movements or operations of belligerent warships will be accepted for transmission to Chile.

### EXPOSURE CAUSES SUICIDE.

Wealthy Churchman Was Involved  
in California Exposure.

Long Beach, Cal., Nov. 14.—John E. Lamb, aged forty, a vestryman in the Long Beach Savings Bank, and a rich bachelor, committed suicide with cyanide of potassium on a stretch of lonely beach near San Pedro today. He left a note saying he could not bear the exposure which had involved him and other prominent Long Beach men who were fined recently for gross immorality.

### Austrians Sink Own Ship.

Vienna (via Berlin and Amsterdam), Nov. 14.—Official announcement was made today that the Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Augusta was sunk off Tientsin after her ammunition was exhausted. She was sunk by her own crew and not by Japanese shells.

### "LITTLE BOBS" IS DEAD.



LORD ROBERTS.

## LORD ROBERTS DIES IN FRANCE

"Little Bobs," British Military Hero, Victim of  
Pneumonia.

### JUST REACHED FRONT

Notable Career Began in Sepoy Mutiny—Had Gone to War Zone to  
See Indian Troops.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.  
London, Nov. 14.—The official press announced tonight at the request of Lord Kitchener that Lord Roberts died tonight in France. Pneumonia was the cause of his death.

It was only yesterday that an official announcement was made that the famous general was "going into the war zone to see the Indian troops."

The explanation of the field marshal's visit to France was accepted as plausible because Lord Roberts was born in Cawnpore, India, eighty-two years ago, and was worshipped by the native troops.

It was popularly believed, however, that the presence of the field marshal in the fighting zone proved active developments of the campaign.

Lord Roberts was born, Frederick Sleigh Roberts, in Cawnpore, India, September 20, 1832. He was the son of Gen. Sir Abraham Roberts, G. C. B., and Isabella Bunbury Roberts. He was very young when sent to England to be educated. There he was graduated from Eton, Sandhurst and Addiscombe.

He remained in England until 1852 when he returned to India to begin the foundation for the fighting career which caused Emperor William in September, 1912, to refer to him as "the ablest soldier of the times."

Was Before Delhi.

In November 1854 he was posted to a troop of horse artillery at Peshawar. In May 1857, news of the uprising at Meerut and the seizure of Delhi came to his ears. He was exchanged from the Punjab movable column and presently appeared before Delhi with the immortal "field force."

From Delhi, Roberts was passed with a movable column to his own birthplace—bloodstained Cawnpore—driving himself repeatedly on the march. With the column he went to the relief of Lucknow and many opportunities did he receive in which to show his indomitable courage. For repeated bravery he gained, at the age of twenty-eight, the coveted Victoria Cross. And with this success there arose to the surface of this mighty little man of war, that quality which, in him, seemed quite lacking.

May 12, 1859, he married Miss Henrietta Bews. She gave him two daughters and one son. The latter was killed in the Boer war.

Until 1888 Roberts took part in numerous skirmishes with the hill men of India. Then he went with Gen. Napier to Abyssinia. Steadily he won promotion and continued his decorations and medals became more numerous.

Soon after the Afghan war he was created K. C. B. and it was about this time that he became known as "Little Bobs"—the name that British soldiers would have followed to the air of the devil himself.

But the record is too long to detail. Here, following, are some of the places where "Little Bobs" achieved fame. Commanded the Kabul field force in 1879; commanded the Afghanistan campaign in the south, 1880; made commander-in-chief in India, 1883; commander of the forces in Ireland, 1885; commander-in-chief of the South African war, 1899; relieved Kimberley, February, 1900; took Cronje and the western Boer army prisoners in the same year; was made commander-in-chief in 1901. The orders and decorations he received are countless; the honors bestowed upon him have been everything that a nation or a monarch could grant.

Two years ago he retired into private

## Germans Report Big Gains in Flanders; Allies Do the Same

Statements of Rival Capitals Are Diametrically Opposed.  
Berlin Declaring Teutons Have Been Successful Along  
Entire Battle Front, Occupying Town South of Ypres  
and Crossing the Yser—Allies Say All Teuton Attacks  
Have Been Repulsed and Franco-British Forces Have  
Gained Appreciably—Furious Fighting Waged on Eastern  
Front, Both Sides Claiming Victories—Kaiser's War  
Office Appears Worried Over Advance of Russians.

## BRITISH ATTACKS WEST OF LILLE REPULSED, SAYS BERLIN; HEAVY GERMAN GAINS IN ARGONNE

Special Cable to Washington Herald.  
Berlin (via Amsterdam), Nov. 14.—It is officially announced that the Germans have captured St. Eloy, south of Ypres, and that they have crossed the Yser Canal west of Langemark.

It also is announced that the British attacks west of Lille have been repulsed.

German progress in the Western theater of war is causing great satisfaction to the general staff, it was stated at the war office today. The officials refused to discuss the situation in the Eastern arena, but an undercurrent of uneasiness was apparent as a result of the opinions of the Russians.

Reports from Russian sources that the Czar's troops had crossed the eastern frontier and had been in possession of Pleschen and Posen for five days were discredited and declared to be without foundation.

London, Nov. 14.—The following news bulletins issued by the main army headquarters in Berlin were received here by wireless tonight:

"The fighting in West Flanders continues. Our attacks during the last few days have been impaired by rains and stormy weather and therefore we have been progressing only slowly.

"We have taken 700 French prisoners to the south of Ypres.

"The British attacks west of Lille have been repulsed and at Berry-au-Bac we have compelled the French to evacuate a commanding position.

progressing. Here the French again "in the forest of the Argonne we have suffered heavy losses, leaving behind them more than 1,000 prisoners."

"The fighting continues in East Prussia. At Stalluponen we took 500 Russian prisoners. No decision has been reached in the fighting about Saldau.

"In the district of Wlaskawec a Russian army corps was repulsed and 1,500 prisoners and twelve machine guns captured."

life, but when the European conflict began his war spirit was reawakened and he hastened to the side of his friend. Lord Roberts died worth more than \$1,000,000 thanks to his trust in his friend, J. J. Hill, the American railroad wizard.

"Bolsheviks" with their riches, for himself, for he would rather live in an army post than in a palace, but with a thought for his children and their children, placed his entire fortune—\$250,000—in Mr. Hill's hands and told the latter to do his best with it. That was just prior to the Boer war.

BUY AT HOME

Think how you'd feel if they ran you out of town. Your dollar has feelings, too. Buy at home.

What chance will you get at a dollar sent out of town? Buy at home.

If you buy out of town, and we buy out of town, and all our friends and neighbors buy out of town, what in thunder will become of us? Ever think about it? Buy at home.

Your dollar will buy more goods and better goods in our town than anywhere else. Buy at home.

Don't run your dollar out of town. Let the poor thing stay. Buy at home.

The above are excerpts from the literature used by the Chamber of Commerce of Knoxville, Tenn., in a "buy at home" campaign. The advice was put on signs which were displayed in show windows and street cars.

Members of the Chamber of Commerce here say that the advice of the Knoxville business men is applicable in Washington, with the Christmas holidays drawing nigh, and the "shop early" campaign about to begin, the chamber advises all in Washington to buy at home.

Two years ago he retired into private

Two violent attacks were directed by the Kaiser's troops against the allies' positions in the course of the day's fighting. One to the northeast of Zonnebeke and the other to the south of Ypres. Both were repulsed and in the latter encounter the Germans suffered heavy losses.

In the course of the French movement to straighten the wedge in front of Ypres the allies were able to push forward near Bixchoote, north of Ypres where a gain of one kilometer was recorded.

In the region between the Canal of Le Bassée and the town of Arras a vigorous attempt to break through the allies' front was made by the Germans today, but here, as well as at Ypres, the attackers were repulsed and the French and British continued to maintain their defensive positions, even recording slight progress at several points.

Four De Paris and St. Hubert, in the Argonne region again were attacked by the Kaiser's troops in a vain effort to recapture these positions. The fighting in this district is becoming more violent daily.

Near Verdun the German offensive assumed the character of local attacks several of which were checked even before the infantry could be got under way for the advance, so heavy was the French artillery fire.

LIGHTED BOMB FOUND  
IN NEW YORK COURT

Heavy Loss of Life Prevented by Policeman's Heroism—Anarchists Are Blamed.

New York, Nov. 14.—A bomb with fuse sputtering was discovered today by a policeman in the Tombs police court just a few minutes before Magistrate Campbell was scheduled to open court.

The policeman who discovered the infernal machine, had come into the court with a prisoner when he happened to notice smoke ascending in a slight haze from under the third seat from the front of the room. He stooped over and saw a fuse was attached and lighted. The officer extinguished the fuse and as soon as a bucket of water could be produced the bomb